B. E. COMMON TO ALL PROGRAMMES SEMESTER - IV

COMPLEX ANALYSIS, PROBABILITY AND STATISTICAL METHODS

(Common to all programs)

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

Course Code	18MAT41	CIE Marks	40
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P)	(2:2:0)	SEE Marks	60
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Module-1

Calculus of complex functions: Review of function of a complex variable, limits, continuity, and differentiability. Analytic functions: Cauchy-Riemann equations in Cartesian and polar forms and consequences. **Construction of analytic functions:** Milne-Thomson method-Problems.

Module-2

Conformal transformations: Introduction. Discussion of transformations: $w = Z^2$, $w = e^z$, $w = z + \frac{1}{z}$, $(z \neq 0)$. Bilinear transformations- Problems.

Complex integration: Line integral of a complex function-Cauchy's theorem and Cauchy's integral formula and problems.

Module-3

Probability Distributions: Review of basic probability theory. Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability mass/density functions. Binomial, Poisson, exponential and normal distributions- problems (No derivation for mean and standard deviation)-Illustrative examples.

Module-4

Statistical Methods: Correlation and regression-Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation and rank correlation -problems. Regression analysis- lines of regression –problems.

Curve Fitting: Curve fitting by the method of least squares- fitting the curves of the form-

y = ax + b, $y = ax^b$ and $y = ax^2 + bx + c$.

Module-5

Joint probability distribution: Joint Probability distribution for two discrete random variables, expectation and covariance.

Sampling Theory: Introduction to sampling distributions, standard error, Type-I and Type-II errors. Test of hypothesis for means, student's t-distribution, Chi-square distribution as a test of goodness of fit.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Use the concepts of analytic function and complex potentials to solve the problems arising in electromagnetic field theory.
- Apply discrete and continuous probability distributions in analyzing the probability models arising in engineering field.
- Fit a suitable curve for given data and analyze the relationship between two variables using statistical methods.
- Utilize conformal transformation and complex integral arising in fluid flow visualization and image processing.
- Apply the knowledge of joint probability distributions in attempting engineering problems for feasible random events and also Understand the concepts of sampling theory and apply it to related real life problems.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question will be for 20 marks.
- There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub- questions) from each module.

Sl. No.	Title of the Book	Name of the Author/s	Name of the Publisher	Edition and Year	
Textboo	Textbooks				
1	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	E. Kreyszig	John Wiley & Sons	10 th Edition,2016	
2	Higher Engineering Mathematics	B. S. Grewal	Khanna Publishers	44 th Edition, 2017	
3	Engineering Mathematics	Srimanta Pal et al	Oxford University Press	3 rd Edition,2016	
Referen	ce Books				
1	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	C. Ray Wylie, Louis C.Barrett	McGraw-Hill	6 th Edition 1995	
2	Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis	S.S.Sastry	Prentice Hall of India	4 th Edition 2010	
3	Higher Engineering Mathematics	B. V. Ramana	McGraw-Hill	11 th Edition,2010	
4	A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics	N. P. Bali and Manish Goyal	Laxmi Publications	2014	
5	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	Chandrika Prasad and Reena Garg	Khanna Publishing,	2018	

Web links and Video Lectures:

- 1. http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111
- 2. http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
- 3. http://academicearth.org/
- 4. VTU EDUSAT PROGRAMME 20

DESIGN A		OF ALGORITHMS		
	SEMESTER -	- IV		
Course Code	18CS42	CIE Marks	40	
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:2:0	SEE Marks	60	
Total Number of Contact Hours				
	CREDITS -	-4		
Module 1			Contact Hours	
Introduction: What is an Algorithm? Framework (T1:2.1), Performance An			Analysis 10	
Asymptotic Notations: Big-Oh notati Little-oh notation (<i>o</i>), Mathematical and Examples (T1:2.2, 2.3, 2.4). Imporprocessing, Graph Problems, Combin Stacks, Queues, Graphs, Trees, Sets and RBT: L1, L2, L3	on (O), Omega not alysis of Non-Recur rtant Problem T natorial Problems.	cation (Ω) , Theta notation (rsive and recursive Algorith ypes: Sorting, Searching, Fundamental Data Stru	(O), and ms with String	
Module 2				
Divide and Conquer: General method conquer, Finding the maximum and (T1:4.1, 4.2), Strassen's matrix multiplication of the Conquer. Decrease and Congress: L1, L2, L3	minimum (T2:3.1 , plication (T2:3.8),	3.3, 3.4) , Merge sort, Quantages and Disadvant	ick sort	
Module 3				
Greedy Method: General method, Coinwith deadlines (T2:4.1, 4.3, 4.5). Minim Algorithm (T1:9.1, 9.2). Single sou Optimal Tree problem: Huffman Trapproach: Heaps and Heap Sort (T1:6) RBT: L1, L2, L3	num cost spanning rce shortest path rees and Codes (T	trees: Prim's Algorithm, K is: Dijkstra's Algorithm (7	ruskal's Γ1:9.3).	
Module 4				
Dynamic Programming: General met Transitive Closure: Warshall's Algo Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsact (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Person problem RBT: L1, L2, L3	rithm, All Pairs S k problem ((T1:8.2)	hortest Paths: Floyd's Alg , 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Al	gorithm,	
Module 5				
Backtracking: General method (T2: problem (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2: Bound: Assignment Problem, Travell problem (T2:8.2, T1:12.2): LC Programd Bound solution (T2:8.2). NP-Condeterministic algorithms, P, NP, NP-Condeterministic algorithms, P, NP-Condeterministic alg	2:7.4), Hamiltonian ling Sales Person pamme and Bound s applete and NP-Ham	cycles (T2:7.5). Programs problem (T1:12.2), 0/1 Kn olution (T2:8.2), FIFO Programs: Basic concep	me and napsack gramme	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	1.1			
Course Outcomes: The student will be	e able to:	1.1 1'1 1.1		

DEGLOSI AND ANALYZIG OF ALCODIMINA

- Describe computational solution to well-known problems like searching, sorting etc.
- Estimate the computational complexity of different algorithms
- Devise an algorithm using appropriate design strategies for problem solving.
- Analyze space and time tradeoffs for algorithms using both approaches
- Develop solutions using Backtracking for some of NP complete problems
- Develop solutions using Backtracking for some of NP complete problems

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

- 1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin:, 2rd Edition, 2009. Pearson.
- Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, Satraj Sahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press

- 1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI.
- 2. Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education).

0	PERATING SY	STEMS		
SEMESTER – IV				
		T	T	
Course Code	18CS43	CIE Marks	40	
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	SEE Marks	60	
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS -	-3		
Module 1			Contac Hours	
Introduction to operating systems, Somputer System organization; Computer Operating System operations; Process management; Protection and Security Computing environments. Operating System calls; Types of system calls; implementation; Operating System structure System boot. Process Management Processes; Inter process communication Text book 1: Chapter 1, 2.1, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, RBT: L1, L2, L3	er System archite s management; ; Distributed s stem Services; U System program are; Virtual mach ocess concept; F	cture; Operating System stru Memory management; Si ystem; Special-purpose sys User - Operating System intens; Operating system design ines; Operating System gener Process scheduling; Operation	acture; torage stems; erface; n and ration;	
Module 2				
Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models; Thread Libraries; Threading issues. Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Multiple-processor scheduling; Thread scheduling. Process Synchronization: Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization; Monitors. Text book 1: Chapter 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 6.6, 6.7 RBT: L1, L2, L3				
Module 3			ndling 08	
Deadlocks: Deadlocks; System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock. Memory Management: Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation. Text book 1: Chapter 7, 8.1 to 8.6 RBT: L1, L2, L3				
			Page 08	
Module 4 Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing. File System, Implementation of File System: File system: File concept; Access methods; Directory structure; File system mounting; File sharing; Protection: Implementing File system: File system structure; File system implementation; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management. Text book 1: Chapter 91. To 9.6, 10.1 to 10.5				
RBT: L1, L2, L3				

Module 5	
Secondary Storage Structures, Protection: Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk	08
attachment; Disk scheduling; Disk management; Swap space management. Protection: Goals	
of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of protection, Access matrix, Implementation	
of access matrix, Access control, Revocation of access rights, Capability-Based systems. Case	
Study: The Linux Operating System: Linux history; Design principles; Kernel modules;	
Process management; Scheduling; Memory Management; File systems, Input and output;	
Inter-process communication.	
Text book 1: Chapter 12.1 to 12.6, 21.1 to 21.9	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to:

- Identify various types of Operating Systems, its need and services.
- Apply suitable techniques for process scheduling, synchronization and thread management.
- Make use of different methods for preventing or avoiding deadlock and managing memory efficiently.
- Interview the benefits of virtual memory; explore file system and directory structures.
- Experiment with different disk management schemes and realize the concepts of Operating System with case studies

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 7th edition, Wiley-India, 2006

- 1. Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6th Edition
- 2. D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw-Hill, 2013.
- 3. P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.
- 4. William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson.

MICROCONTROLLER AND EMBEDDED SYSTEMS				
	SEMESTER	– IV		
Course Code	18CS44	CIE Marks	40	
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	SEE Marks	60	
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS	-3		
Module 1				Contact Hours
Microprocessors versus Microcontrollers, ARM Embedded Systems: The RISC design philosophy, The ARM Design Philosophy, Embedded System Hardware, Embedded System Software. ARM Processor Fundamentals: Registers, Current Program Status Register, Pipeline, Exceptions, Interrupts, and the Vector Table, Core Extensions Text book 1: Chapter 1 - 1.1 to 1.4, Chapter 2 - 2.1 to 2.5				
RBT: L1, L2 Module 2 Introduction to the ARM Instruction Se	ot - Data Brassa	sing Instructions Drawnson	2	08
Instructions, Software Interrupt Instruction Coprocessor Instructions, Loading Consta ARM programming using Assembly lar cycle counting, instruction scheduling, Re Constructs Text book 1: Chapter 3:Sections 3.1 to 3 6.6) RBT: L1, L2 Module 3	nts nguage: Writing gister Allocatio	g Assembly code, Profiling an n, Conditional Execution, Lo	ooping	
Embedded System Components: Embedded systems, Classification of Embedded systems, purpose of embedded Core of an Embedded System including a Actuators, LED, 7 segment LED display, Communication Interface (onboard and excomponents. Text book 2:Chapter 1(Sections 1.2 to 1 RBT: L1, L2	edded systems, systems all types of proce stepper motor, I sternal types), E	Major applications areas of essor/controller, Memory, Se Keyboard, Push button switch mbedded firmware, Other sy	nsors,	08
Module 4 Embedded System Design Concepts: Chr. Systems, Operational quality attributes and Systems-Application and Domain specific Modelling, embedded firmware design and Text book 2: Chapter-3, Chapter-4, Chr. (Sections 9.1, 9.2, 9.3.1, 9.3.2 only) RBT: L1, L2	on-operational q c, Hardware Sof d development	uality attributes, Embedded tware Co-Design and Program	m	08

Module 5

RTOS and IDE for Embedded System Design: Operating System basics, Types of operating systems, Task, process and threads (Only POSIX Threads with an example program), Thread preemption, Multiprocessing and Multitasking, Task Communication (without any program), Task synchronization issues — Racing and Deadlock, Concept of Binary and counting semaphores (Mutex example without any program), How to choose an RTOS, Integration and testing of Embedded hardware and firmware, Embedded system Development Environment — Block diagram (excluding Keil), Disassembler/decompiler, simulator, emulator and debugging techniques, target hardware debugging, boundary scan.

08

Text book 2: Chapter-10 (Sections 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4, 10.7, 10.8.1.1, 10.8.1.2, 10.8.2.2, 10.10 only), Chapter 12, Chapter-13 (block diagram before 13.1, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6 only)

RBT: L1, L2

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to:

- Apply ARM processor architecture concept to the assembly language programming
- Apply ARM processor programming concept to solve complex problem
- Illustrate the Applicability of the Embedded system
- Illustrate the Design process of Embedded system
- Comprehend the real time operating system used for the Embedded system

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

- 1. Andrew N Sloss, Dominic Symes and Chris Wright, ARM system developers guide, Elsevier, Morgan Kaufman publishers, 2008.
- 2. Shibu K V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", Tata McGraw Hill Education, Private Limited, 2nd Edition.

- 1. Raghunandan..G.H, Microcontroller (ARM) and Embedded System, Cengage learning Publication, 2019
- 2. The Insider's Guide to the ARM7 Based Microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd., 1st edition, 2005.
- 3. Steve Furber, ARM System-on-Chip Architecture, Second Edition, Pearson, 2015.
- 4. Raj Kamal, Embedded System, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2008.

OBJE	ECT ORIENTED			
	SEMESTER -	- 1V		
Course Code	18CS45	CIE Marks	40	
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	SEE Marks	60	
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS -	-3		
Module 1				Contact Hours
Introduction to Object Oriented Cond A Review of structures, Procedure- Programming System, Comparison of variables and reference variables, Fund Objects: Introduction, member function Text book 1: Ch 1: 1.1 to 1.9 Ch 2: 2. RBT: L1, L2 Module 2 Class and Objects (contd): Objects and arrays, Namespaces, Nested Introduction to Java: Java's magic: th	Oriented Program Object Oriented ction Prototyping, as and data, objects 1 to 2.3 d classes, Construction Byte code; Java	Language with C, Conso Function Overloading. Cla and functions. tors, Destructors. Development Kit (JDK); the state of t	nle I/O, ass and he Java	08
Buzzwords, Object-oriented programmi arrays, Operators, Control Statements. Text book 1:Ch 2: 2.4 to 2.6Ch 4: 4.1 Text book 2: Ch:1 Ch: 2 Ch:3 Ch:4 RBT: L1, L2 Module 3	to 4.2 Ch:5			
Classes, Inheritance, Exception Ha objects; Constructors, this keyword, gard super, creating multi level hierarchy, handling in Java. Text book 2: Ch:6 Ch: 8 Ch:10 RBT: L1, L2, L3 Module 4	bage collection. In l	heritance: inheritance basics	s, using	08
Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Ac Multi Threaded Programming: Multi make the classes threadable; Extendin Changing state of the thread; Bounded b Text book 2: CH: 9 Ch 11: RBT: L1, L2, L3	i Threaded Program og threads; Implen	mming: What are threads? Inenting runnable; Synchronic	How to	08
Module 5 Event Handling: Two event handling classes; Sources of events; Event listener classes; Inner classes. Swings: Swings: The origins of Swing; The Swing Packages; A simple Swing A	interfaces; Using to Two key Swing feat	tures; Components and Com	Adapter	08

Jlabel and ImageIcon; JTextField; The Swing Buttons; JTabbedpane; JScrollPane; JList;

JComboBox; JTable.

Text book 2: Ch 22: Ch: 29 Ch: 30

RBT: L1, L2, L3

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to:

- Learn fundamental features of object oriented language and programming in C++.
- Learn how to set up JDK environment to create, debug and run simple Java programs.
- Create and handle run-time errors using Exception handling mechanism, create and work with packages and interfaces.
- Create multi-threading programs and event handling mechanisms.
- Introduce event driven Graphical User Interface (GUI) programming using Applets.

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

- 1. Sourav Sahay, Object Oriented Programming with C++, 2nd Ed, Oxford University Press, 2006
- 2. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.

Reference Books:

- 1. Mahesh Bhave and Sunil Patekar, "Programming with Java", First Edition, Pearson Education, 2008, ISBN:9788131720806
- 2. Herbert Schildt, The Complete Reference C++, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.
- 3. Stanley B.Lippmann, Josee Lajore, C++ Primer, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 4. Rajkumar Buyya,S Thamarasi selvi, xingchen chu, Object oriented Programming with java, Tata McGraw Hill education private limited.
- 5. Richard A Johnson, Introduction to Java Programming and OOAD, CENGAGE Learning.
- 6. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java A primer, Tata McGraw Hill companies.

Mandatory Note: Every institute shall organize bridge course on C++, either in the vacation or in the beginning of even semester for a minimum period of ten days (2hrs/day). Maintain a copy of the report for verification during LIC visit.

Faculty can utilize open source tools to make teaching and learning more interactive.

	OATA COMMUNIO			
	SEMESTER –	- IV		
Course Code	18CS46	CIE Marks	40	
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	SEE Marks	60	
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	Exam Hours	03	
	CREDITS -	3	l e	
Module 1				Contact Hours
Introduction: Data Communications, and Administration, Networks Model model, Introduction to Physical Lay Impairment, Data Rate limits, Performation Textbook1: Ch 1.1 to 1.5, 2.1 to 2.3, 3 RBT: L1, L2	s: Protocol Layering er-1: Data and Signance.	g, TCP/IP Protocol suite, T	he OSI	08
Module 2 Digital Transmission: Digital to digital Manchester coding). Physical Layer-2: Analog to digital contained Analog Transmission: Digital to analog Textbook1: Ch 4.1 to 4.3, 5.1 RBT: L1, L2	onversion (only PCM		and	08
Module 3 Bandwidth Utilization: Multiplexing a Switching: Introduction, Circuit Switch				08
Error Detection and Correction: Intro Textbook1: Ch 6.1, 6.2, 8.1 to 8.3, 10. RBT: L1, L2	oduction, Block cod	•	m,	
Module 4 Data link control: DLC services, Data Transition phases only). Media Access control: Random Access Introduction to Data-Link Layer: Int	ss, Controlled Acces troduction, Link-Lay	s and Channelization, yer Addressing, ARP	raming,	08
IPv4 Addressing and subnetting: Cla Textbook1: Ch 9.1, 9.2, 11.1, 11.2 11. RBT: L1, L2				
g g				

Ethernet and 10 Gigabit Ethernet,

Wireless LANs: Introduction, IEEE 802.11 Project and Bluetooth.

Other wireless Networks: Cellular Telephony Textbook1: Ch 13.1 to 13.5, 15.1 to 15.3, 16.2

RBT: L1, L2

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to:

- Identify the different types of network topologies and protocols.
- Construct the different line coding schemes, Transmission modes.
- Apply different error detection and correction methods for digital data and construct the different switching circuits, link addressing.
- Distinguish different data link protocols and select suitable media access control protocol for data transmission.
- Identify the architecture of wired and wireless Local Area Networks (LANs).

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbooks:

1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, Data Communications and Networking 5E, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2013.

- 1. Alberto Leon-Garcia and Indra Widjaja: Communication Networks Fundamental Concepts and Key architectures, 2nd Edition Tata McGraw-Hill, 2004.
- 2. William Stallings: Data and Computer Communication, 8th Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 3. Larry L. Peterson and Bruce S. Davie: Computer Networks A Systems Approach, 4th Edition, Elsevier, 2007.
- 4. Nader F. Mir: Computer and Communication Networks, Pearson Education, 2007.

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS LABORATORY SEMESTER – IV						
Course Code 18CSL47 CIE Marks 40						
Number of Contact Hours/Week 0:2:2 SEE Marks 60						
Total Number of Lab Contact Hours 36 Exam Hours 03						
Credits – 2						

Descriptions (if any):

- Design, develop, and implement the specified algorithms for the following problems using Java language under LINUX /Windows environment. Netbeans / Eclipse or IntellijIdea Community Edition IDE tool can be used for development and demonstration.
- Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups and documented in the journal.

an	d documented in the journal.
Programs	List:
1.	
a.	Create a Java class called <i>Student</i> with the following details as variables within it.
	(i) USN (ii) Name
	(iii) Programme (iv) Phone
	Write a Java program to create <i>nStudent</i> objects and print the USN, Name, Programme, and
	Phoneof these objects with suitable headings.
	Phoneor these objects with suitable headings.
b.	Write a Java program to implement the Stack using arrays. Write Push(), Pop(), and
	Display() methods to demonstrate its working.
2.	
a.	Design a superclass called Staff with details as StaffId, Name, Phone, Salary. Extend this
	class by writing three subclasses namely <i>Teaching</i> (domain, publications), <i>Technical</i> (skills),
	and <i>Contract</i> (period). Write a Java program to read and display at least 3 staff
	objects of all three categories.
b.	Write a Java class called <i>Customer</i> to store their name and date_of_birth. The date_of_birth
	format should be dd/mm/yyyy. Write methods to read customer data as <name, dd="" mm="" yyyy=""></name,>
	and display as <name, dd,="" mm,="" yyyy=""> using StringTokenizer class</name,>
	considering the delimiter character as "/".
3.	
a.	Write a Java program to read two integers a and b . Compute a/b and print, when b is not zero.
	Raise an exception when b is equal to zero.
b.	Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First
	thread generates a random integer for every 1 second; second thread computes the square of
	the number andprints; third thread will print the value of cube of the number.
4.	Sort a given set of n integer elements using Quick Sort method and compute its time
	complexity. Run the program for varied values of $n > 5000$ and record the time taken to sort.
	Plot a graph of the time taken versus n on graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file
	or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how the
	divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case,
	average case and best case.

5.	Sort a given set of <i>n</i> integer elements using Merge Sort method and compute its time
	complexity. Run the program for varied values of $n > 5000$, and record the time taken to sort.
	Plot a graph of the time taken versus n on graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file
	or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how
	the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case,
	average case and best case.
6.	Implement in Java, the 0/1 Knapsack problem using (a) Dynamic Programming method (b)
	Greedy method.
7.	From a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, find shortest paths to other vertices
	using Dijkstra's algorithm . Write the program in Java.
8.	Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using
	Kruskal'salgorithm. Use Union-Find algorithms in your program
9.	Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using
	Prim's algorithm.
10.	Write Java programs to
	(a) Implement All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using Floyd's algorithm .
	(b) Implement Travelling Sales Person problem using Dynamic programming.
11.	Design and implement in Java to find a subset of a given set $S = \{S_1, S_2,, S_n\}$ of n positive
	integers whose SUM is equal to a given positive integer d. For example, if $S = \{1, 2, 5, 6, 8\}$
	and $d=9$, there are two solutions $\{1,2,6\}$ and $\{1,8\}$. Display a suitable message, if
	the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.
12.	Design and implement in Java to find all Hamiltonian Cycles in a connected undirected
	Graph G of <i>n</i> vertices using backtracking principle.

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Experiment with object oriented concepts of JAVA programming language.
- Construct the JAVA program by using the approach of Divide and Conquer such as Merge Sort, Quick Sort.
- Make use of Greedy method to solve knapsack and minimum cost spanning tree using JAVA programming.
- Apply Dynamic Programming techniques to solve All pair's shortest path (Floyd's algorithm) and Travelling sales person (TSP) problem using JAVA programming.
- Choose the Backtracking techniques to solve Sum of subset problem and Hamiltonian cycles using JAVA programming.

Conduct of Practical Examination:

- Experiment distribution
 - o For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
 - o For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution (Courseed to change in accoradance with university regulations)
 - e) For laboratories having only one part Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
 - f) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
 - i. Part A Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
 - ii. Part B Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

	MICROCONTROLLER AND E SEM	MBEDDED SY ESTER – IV	STEMS LABORAT	ORY	
Course		18CSL48	CIE Marks	40	
	r of Contact Hours/Week	0:2:2	SEE Marks	60	
	Total Number of Lab Contact Hours 36 Exam Hours 03				
200021		Credits – 2	233433		
Progra	ms List:				
PART	A Conduct the following experiments by on board/simulator and the required softw		using ARM7TDMI/I	LPC2148 using an	
1.	Write a program to multiply two 16 bit	•			
2.	Write a program to find the sum of first		pers.		
3.	Write a program to find factorial of a number.				
4.	Write a program to add an array of 16 bit numbers and store the 32 bit result in internal RAM				
5.	Write a program to find the square of a number (1 to 10) using look-up table.				
6.	Write a program to find the largest/smallest number in an array of 32 numbers.				
7.	Write a program to arrange a series of 3				
8.					
	-B Conduct the following experiments or			n board using	
	on version of Embedded 'C' & Keil Uvisi		ler.		
9.	Display "Hello World" message using l	Internal UART.			
10.					
11.	11				
12.					
13.					
14.					
15.		1 00			
16.	Display the Hex digits 0 to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in				

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Demonstrate different instructions of ARM7/TDMI/LPC2148 using Keil uvision-4 tool/compiler.
- Apply the knowledge of assembly language programming to solve problems using ARM7/TDMI/LPC2148 instruction set.
- Illustrate various ports, configuration registers of 32 bit microcontroller ARM7/TDMI/LPC2148.
- Illustrate various input/output devices to interface with ARM7/TDMI/LPC2148 evaluation board.
- Demonstrate interfacing of various hardware devices using embedded C and evaluation board ARM7/TDMI/LPC2148.

Conduct of Practical Examination:

between

- Experiment distribution
 - o For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
 - o For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution (Courseed to change in accoradance with university regulations)
 g) For laboratories having only one part Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 =

100 Marks

- h) For laboratories having PART A and PART B

 i. Part A Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
 ii. Part B Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks